

Demystifying Bitcoin, Cryptos and Blockchain 30/10/2024

Prepared by: Kevin Wippermann







Kevin Wippermann Co-Founder

CTO with 12 years of experience in Finance (Front to Back) and Technology Investor since early 2017 in Bitcoin and the Cryptocurrency asset class Co-Wrote a White Paper on blockchain based Digital Inheritance for digital assets Developed a blockchain based platform to prevent loss of digital assets following life events Launched a Start Up in the Crypto Valley (Zug) with the largest Swiss Exchange, SIX as an investors and working with the Swiss regulator, FINMA

Coached top executive (C-Suite) of Hedge Funds, Banks and Exchanges across Europe and the Middle East to better understand Bitcoin, the Blockchain technology and Cryptos Co-Founded CryptoCollege.cc, an educational platform for digital assets.

How often do we get to learn about a new asset class?!

Seminar Agenda

Demystifying Bitcoin, Crypto and the Blockchain



Introduction

Why? It was created and it should matter to you



Bitcoin and the Blockchain

Origin, how does it work and compares to FIAT currencies



The Different Cryptocurrencies

POW, POS, Stablecoins, L1s, DeFi, Dex, NFTs, ENS



Geopolitics & Tokenomics

Legal tender, CBDCs, Outlook Models



Bitcoin Macro Economics

Analysis of the Bitcoin Public Ledger.

Disclaimer

Introduction to Bitcoin, Crypto & Blockchain



This not financial advice

This presentation is for educational purpose only and cannot be considered as financial advice.



Stays away from the FUD

This presentation aims to be as factual as possible with many sources added and stays away from Fear Uncertainty and Doubt (FUD).



Recommends you to DYOR

Before investing in any asset or cryptos, you must Do Your Own researches (DYOR).



Why? Bitcoin was created and it should matter to you?



Why?



Unprecedented FIAT Printing



Central Control



Loss of buying power, Inflation



The Global Financial Crisis

Why it's time to pay attention

Where do we stand in 2024?

Blackrock's CEO – Larry Fink

What is the CEO of Blackrock saying?

I was a skeptic, I studied it and now I see Bitcoin as a legitimate "financial instrument" with unique potential. Bitcoin functions similarly to "digital gold," providing a hedge to investors.

Very Successful ETF

Bitcoin ETF Launched in 2024 in the USA

More then 8 ETFs launched Current market cap exceeding \$60B iBIT by itself has more then \$25B More successful launch than Gold!! Many other launching globally

A US Election topic

Bitcoin and crypto part of election discussions

Trump took a pro-crypto stance going as far as saying he would make Bitcoin a strategic reserve asset.Harris is more cautious but is support the development of a comprehensive

regulatory framework.

Mr 100

A sovereign fund has been buying 100 BTC every day for months The fund has now accumulated more than 70,000 Bitcoin or the current equivalent of \$5 billion. It is

> suspected this is the Qatar Government who is behind.



The birth of the blockchain technology and the first global cryptocurrency.





What is Bitcoin

- ✓ "A distributed Peer to Peer electronic cash system", Satoshi Nakamoto.
- ✓ It's an <u>open-source</u> software (protocol)!
- ✓ Fully decentralized, it runs on a global network of computers (miners).
- ✓ The Bitcoin network uses a technology called the blockchain to protected its integrity and record all transactions in a decentralized ledger.

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21,000,000 Bitcoin Cap

The core code, a part of the protocol, caps the max volume to 21 million.



A hard asset by design

Built as reaction to the 2009 Fin Crisis, Bitcoin is designed to be scares asset.

Bitcoin Key Facts



Launched in 2009

Launched by Satoshi Nakamoto in Jan 2009 for \$0.08 Nobody knows who he (or she) is, and this is crucial!

Blockchain Technology

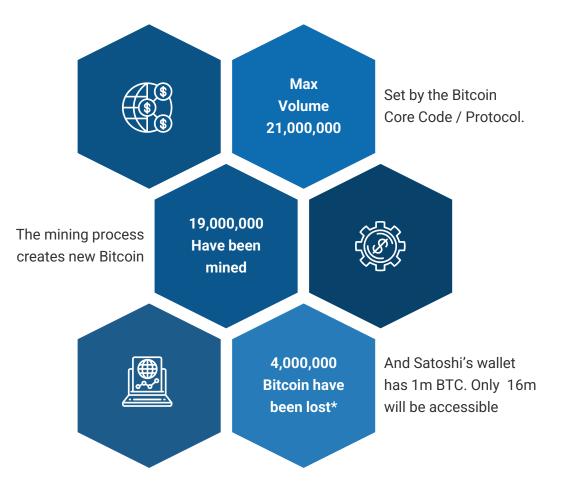
With Bitcoin the blockchain technology and its public decentralized ledger was launched.

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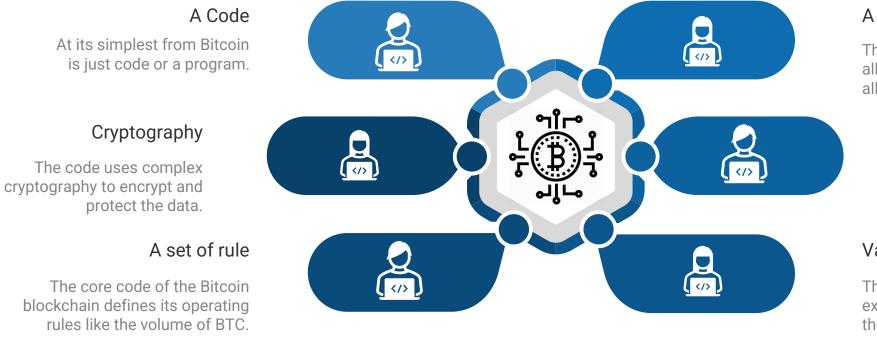
Last Bitcoin in 2140

Halvings of the mining rewards are slowing down the creation of Bitcoins. The last one is expected to mined in the year 2140.



What is the Bitcoin Blockchain?

The Bitcoin blockchain is global a decentralized network of miners (computers).



A decentralized ledger

The blockchain uses a ledger to record all the transfers. It is the replicated to all the participating nods

A global network of computer

The blockchain organized in a network of computers (miners or nods) spread across the world.

Validation by the Miner

The Miners around the world verify and execute transfers and record them in the ledger.

Immutable	Decentralized	Permissionless	Unanimous	Anonymous

How does it work?



Alice wants to send Bitcoins to Bod or buy something from Bob with Bitcoins.



Alice uses her private key to sign a transfer to Bob specifying the quantity and address.



Alice's Bitcoin transaction request is bundled with others into a block of transactions.



The block is broadcasted to all the miners active on the Bitcoin Network.



Bob's gets his Bitcoins from Alice in his wallet (or on an exchange)



The transaction is now complete. The block is added to the chain and made immutable. The first miner who validates the new block get the blockchain reward and the transaction fees



Miners compete to process the transaction.

They compete by solving complex calculation that require a lot of energy.

This is Proof pf Work (PoW).





It's called the blockchain because every time a miner validates a <u>block</u> of bitcoin transfers it is added in <u>chronological</u> order to the <u>decentralized public</u> ledger.

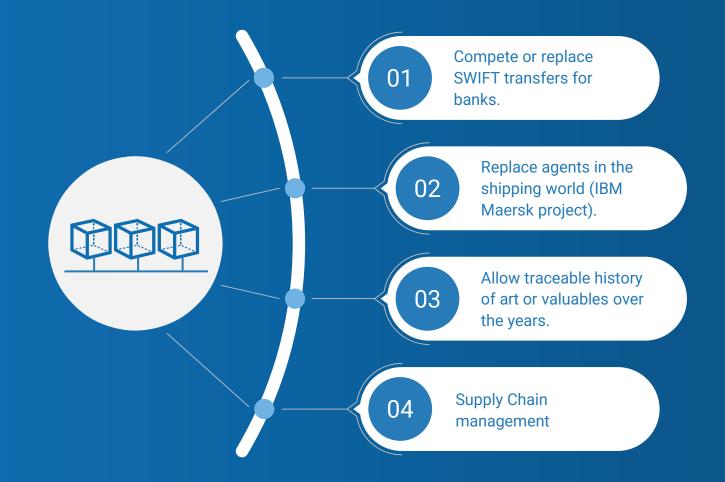
The <u>ledger</u> is then replicated throughout the network and made <u>immutable</u>. The miner is rewarded for its service by both newly issued Bitcoins by the <u>open-source protocol</u> and transfer fees.

The <u>newly issued</u> bitcoin by the protocol to reward the miners are halved every 210,000 block or 4 years. This even it called the "<u>halving</u>" and it causes the famous Bitcoin Cycles.

Once <u>all 21,000,000</u> Bitcoin will be issued by 2140, miners will be rewarded only by the transfer fees.

Why is the Blockchain so revolutionary?

Any process that requires a third party of trust can be replaced by a blockchain solution.



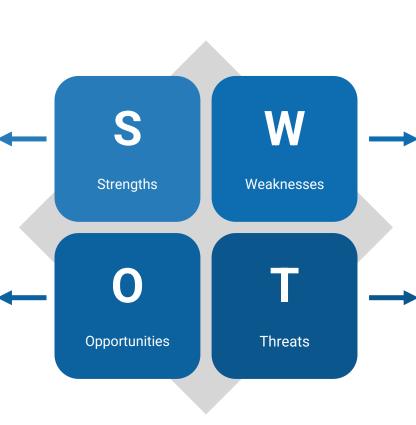
Bitcoin SWOT Analysis

What makes Bitcoin great and how could it fail?

No centralized control, resulting in permissionless and borderless transactions.
Established trust and proven network reliability.
Bitcoin's Value is derived from actual scarcity.
Hedge against inflation and store of value.
Can be stored safely offline and be transferred physically with ease.
Mass adoption, Rapid User Growth & Institutional Investors.

Solving the scalability problem fast enough.

Create transparency in government budgets and fiscal policy.



Price Volatility

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Transaction time and cost due to the scalability issue.

No middleman type of buyer protection when you make a purchase with Bitcoin.

If you lose your hard wallet or forget your password, you permanently lose access to your wealth..

Possible Regulations, countries making it illegal to hold.

Quantum computing could technically crack the cryptography one day.

Environmental impact.



Cryptocurrencies

How does Bitcoin and other Cryptocurrencies compare.



Three Different Cases

It is very important to understand the difference between cryptocurrencies types

Bitcoin in a category of its own

Acts as a store of value with price based solely on offer and demand. Does not evolve much at all.

Cryptocurrencies offering a service

Cryptos like Ethereum are a mean of payment for the service the Ethereum blockchain offer. Behaves more like stocks of a listed company.

Stablecoins pegged to FIAT currencies

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Stable coins like USDC offer easier conversion Crypto <> USD and can be moved via the blockchain

POW Vs POS Cryptos

What is the difference between a Proof of Work and Proof of Stake blockchain?

Proof of Work



Mining Capacity depends on the computational power.



Miner receive block rewards to solve a cryptographic puzzle.



Hackers would need to have a computer that has 51% of all the miners computing power (Hash Rate). Called a 51% attack.

Example of POW blockchain: Bitcoin

Proof of Stake



Validating capacity depends on the stake in the network.



Validators collect a transaction fees based on the volume they have staked.



Hackers would need to own 51% of all the cryptos of the blockchain. Making 51% attack almost impossible.

Example of POS blockchain: Ethereum (soon)

Focus on Ethereum and L1s

L1s or Layer Ones often refers to base network of a blockchain on top of which services are being built.

Decentralized Finance (DeFi)

Financial service on the blockchain with

no middleman (Ex: Lending)

Ethereum Name Services (ENS)

Same principle as domain for the internet except for wallet addresses on the blockchain.

Stablecoins

Stablecoins are pegged to an underlying like the USD but based on other blockchains



Non-Fungible Tokens (NFTs)

Digital Art based on the blockchain where uniqueness is protected.

Decentralized Exchanges (Dex)

Trading exchanges on the blockchain based on rules (Open Source) with no middleman (Ex Sushi Swap).

Metaverses

Some Metaverses (Ex Decentraland) are based on blockchain technology and have their own token.

Tip: Coins based on L1s are called Tokens Tip 2: There are plenty of L1s ex: ETH, BNB, ADA, SOL, etc.



When can be done today with Decentralized Finance?

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DeFi is, for example, staking or lending your Stablecoins on a Dex!

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Some key DeFi figures: Staking can yield around 5 - 10% | More than \$100 billion lock in DeFi

NFTs, ENS & the Metaverse

What is the relationship between the three?



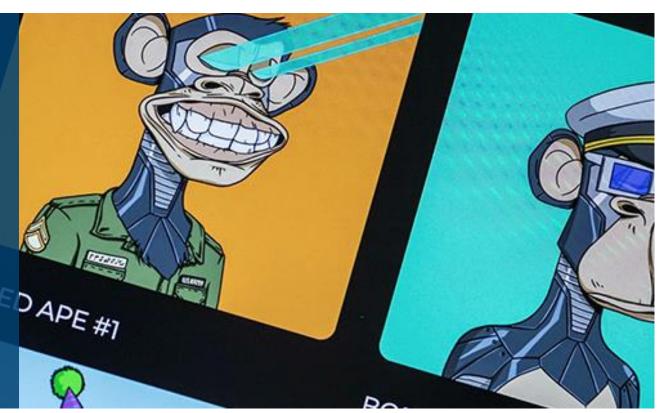
Digital Art made unique by the blockchain (think paintings Vs replicas). Can be anything from a JPG to music.



The metaverse is a 3D virtual world where visitor can buy parcels of land in the form of NFTs

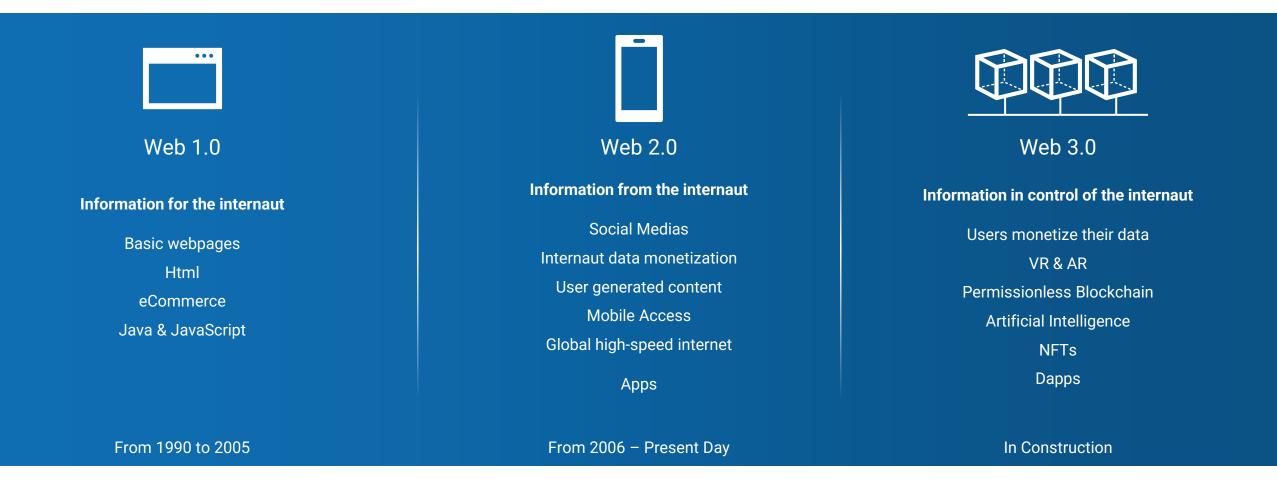


ENS are the domains of the blockchain world and considered as NFTs and tradable on NFT platforms (OpenSea).



The foundations for Web 3.0

From web 1.0 to web 3.0



Tip: Investing in blue-chip blockchain projects could turn out to be like investing in Google in 2006.

Geopolitics & Tokenomics

What make the value of a Crypto and what is the asset class outlook.



The 01 1984 Dystopia 04

China and CBDCs

The dangers of Central Bank Digital Currencies

China's Social Credit System

China's social system add or removes points to citizens that miss behaves. Less points means less rights ex: travel or access to mortgages.

Use of AI for infraction tracking

Speed or jaywalk and AI will automatically recognize you and issue a fine or limit your privileges.

CBDCs

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China has launched the eYuan that allows the government to track all transactions and take money out of people accounts at any time.

Bitcoin, the anti CBDC

China is trying to ban Bitcoin and Bitcoin mining because it can't control it and represents freedom.

Bitcoin as a Legal Tender

El Salvador create a precedent by making Bitcoin a legal tender, now others are following. Why?



El Salvador made Bitcoin a legal tender in Sept 2021

- Citizens can choose between USD and BTC

- Transactions are based on the lighting network

- A precedent a lot of small economies are watching

- If BTC performance persist El Salvador will get rich

Debasement of the US Dollar

What happened in 1971? The end of the Bretton Wood Framework.



Post WWII, in 1944, the Bretton Woods framework was implemented to create global cooperation. All countries would tie exchange rates to the price of Gold and USD.



In 1971 the USA unilaterally terminated critical aspects of the framework and started printing USD backed solely by the US economy (or trust in that economy).



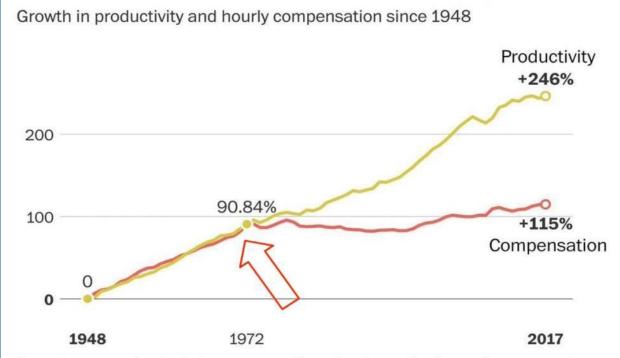
1971 started the **debasement of the USD** but the 2020 – 2021 Pandemic dramatically accelerated it when the FED printing more than 50% of the total volume of USD.



This effectively means **loss of buying power**. For example, \$1,000,000 in 1971 is worth \$149,462* today in buying power or roughly 85% in purchasing power loss.



Bitcoin's volume is forever fixed at 21million and could be even **considered deflationary** with people losing access to their coins. Could it be an edge on inflation?

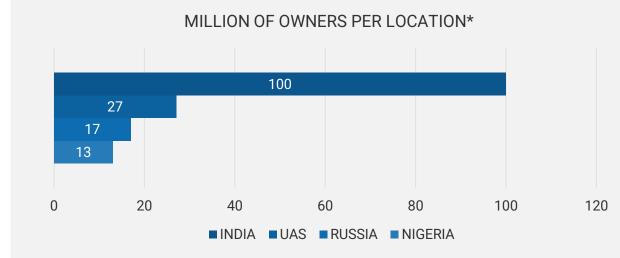


Note: Compensation includes wages and benefits for production and non-supervisory workers

Source: Economic Policy Institute

Crypto Tokenomics

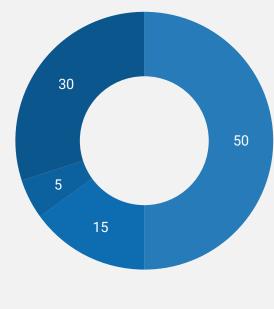
Understanding the supply and demand characteristics of cryptocurrencies.



79% Men invested in Crypto*



TOTAL CRYPTO MARKET CAP \$1.1T



■BTC ■ETH ■BNB ■Other

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Opinion: The Modern Portfolio theory's need for uncorrelated asset start to put at a disadvantage institutions that do not to hold a small percentage of their liquidity in BTC / Crypto

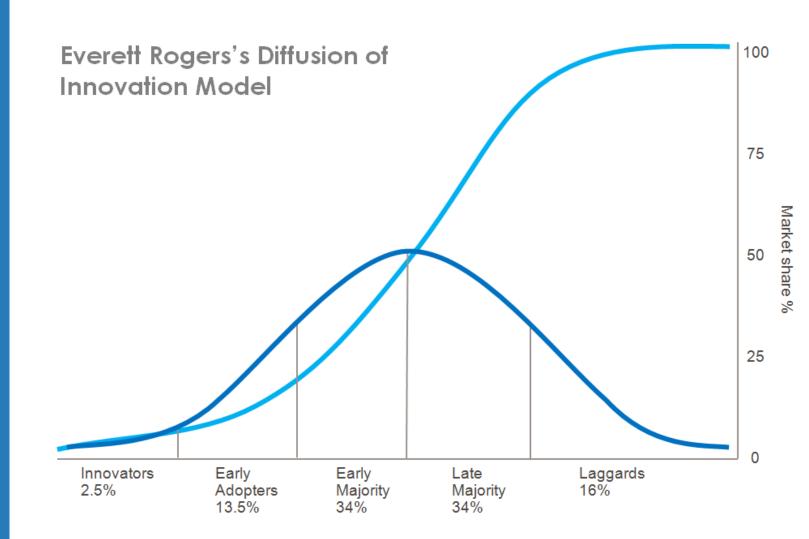
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Am I too late?

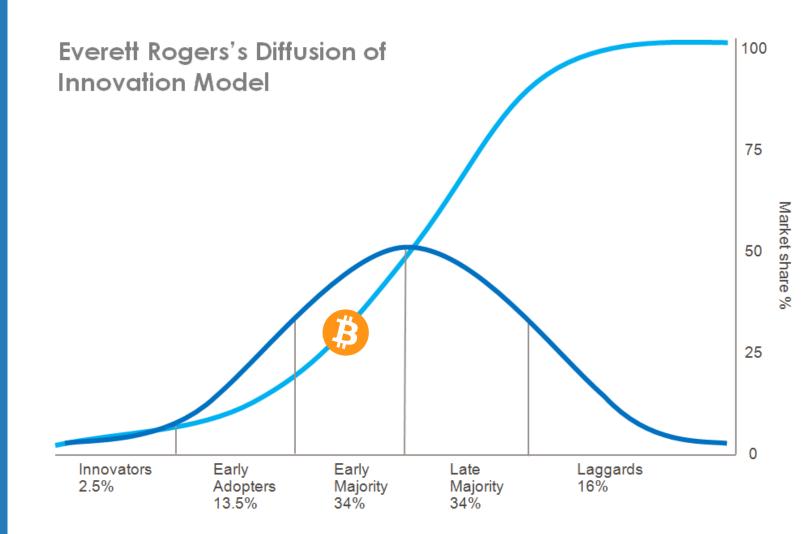






You are not!





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Bitcoin Macro Economics

A dive into Bitcoin's Offer and Demand via OnChain analysis.



An analysis of the offer side of Bitcoin through different KPI.



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Max 21 million Bitcoins. As of today, total of 19.85 million have already been created.

Lost Bitcoin

Including the wallet of Satoshi that hold 1M BTC access to an estimated 5M BTC has been lost. Today's available supply is then 15.4 million.

Halvings

Halvings reduce new supply by 50%. Current emission per block is 6.25. In April 2024 it will be 3.125. Last one will be created in the year 2140.

Moving out of Exchanges



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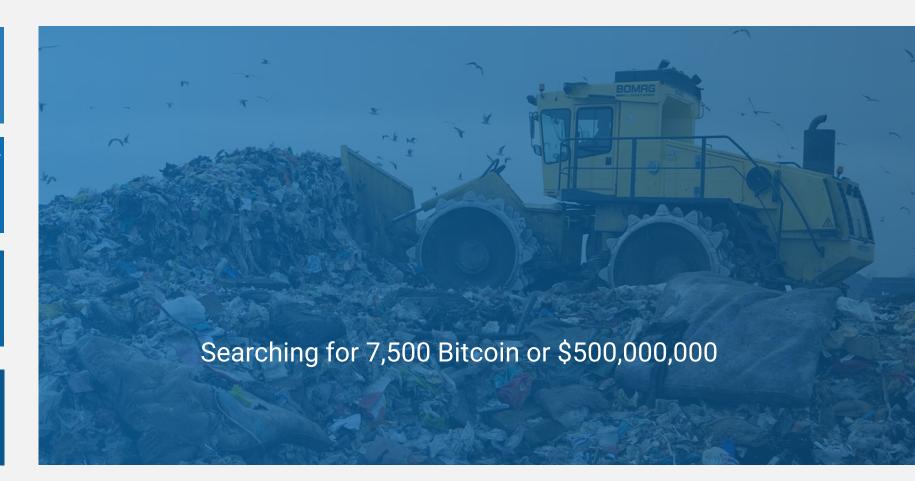
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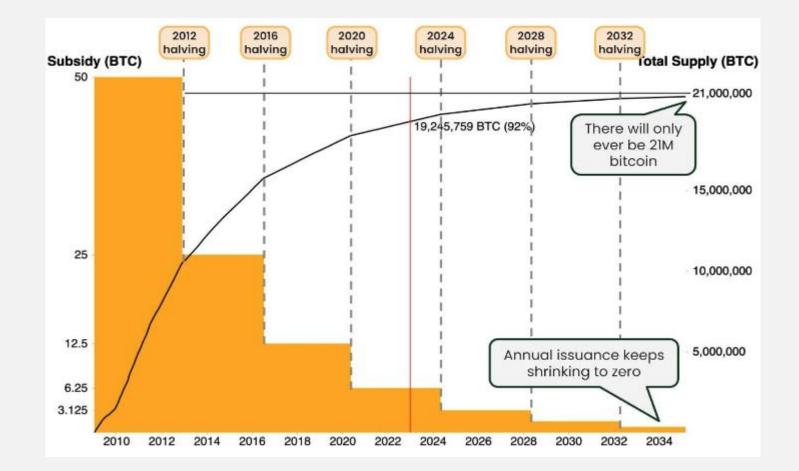
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Moving out of Exchanges



Offer Conclusion

- Access to 5 million Bitcoins lost and more continue to be lost.
- Supply on exchanges on the decline for the first in Bitcoin's history.
- We are in the next supply shock (started April 2024).
- Supply shock create cycles.

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	Genesis	- Block reward	50	we are
	2012 Halving	- Block reward	25	here
	2016 Halving	- Block reward	12.50	+
1	2020 Halving	- Block reward	6.25	5
	2024 Halving	- Block reward	3.12	25
	2028 Halving	- Block reward	1.56	525
	2032 Halving	- Block reward	0.78	3125
	2036 Halving	- Block reward	0.39	90625
	2040 Halving	- Block reward	0.19	953125
	2044 Halving	- Block reward	0.09	765625
	2048 Halving	- Block reward	0.04	882813
	2052 Halving	- Block reward	0.02	2441406
	2056 Halving	- Block reward	0.01	220703
0	and the second	- Block reward	0.00	0610352
	2064 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	305176
	2068 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	152588
6	2072 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	076294
100	2076 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	038147
	2080 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	019073
ŝ	2084 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	009537
8	2088 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	004768
1	2092 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	002384
e	2096 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	001192
1	2100 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000596
	2104 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000298
Ľ,	2108 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000149
	2112 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000075
	2116 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000037
	2120 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000019
	2124 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000009
	2128 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000005
	2132 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000002
	2136 Halving	- Block reward	0.00	000001

Bitcoin Market Cycles (Epochs)

Timing the market is impossible, but some models help assess risk levels.



Tip: The logarithmic Regression Model shows how Bitcoin (and cryptos) evolve in cycles as they mature because of BTC reward Halvings.

OnChain analysis of the demand side of Bitcoin through different KPI.

Amount Of Unique Address With At Least 0.00000001 BTC Self Custody Latest Value (Least): 51.82M The trend of people create digital wallets to manage their Bitcoin themselves (Self 100K Custody). 50M 10K Payment / Transfers in BTC 40M 1K The trend of transfers done to pay with Bitcoins or to transfer Bitcoins. 100 30M Price (\$) A protection against Hyperinflation 10 20M People living in countries with high or hyperinflation are turning to Bitcoin to protect themselves. A good example is Argentina. 10M 0.1 Institutional (Spot ETFs) The biggest investment funds in the world with 0.01 2010 2012 2014 2018 2022 2016 2020 2024 more than \$20 trillion under management have asked the SEC the approval to launch a sport ETF. BTC Address Count (Least) — BTC Price BTC Address Count (Group)

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Self Custody

The trend of people create digital wallets to manage their Bitcoin themselves (Self Custody).

Payment / Transfers in BTC

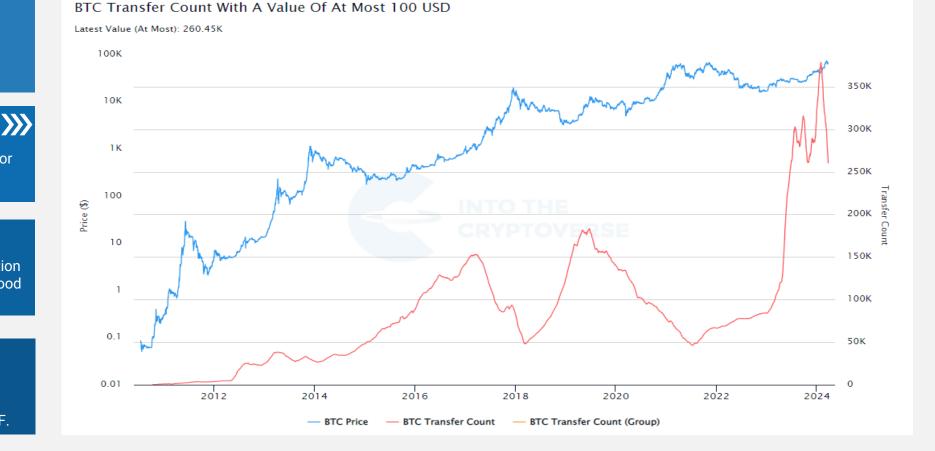
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A protection against Hyperinflation

People living in countries with high or hyperinflation are turning to Bitcoin to protect themselves. A good example is Argentina.

Institutional (Spot ETFs)

The biggest investment funds in the world with more than \$20 trillion under management have asked the SEC the approval to launch a sport ETF.



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Opinion: We are very lucky to live in countries where the debasement of the local fiat currency is slow. But history has shown that this can change quickly.

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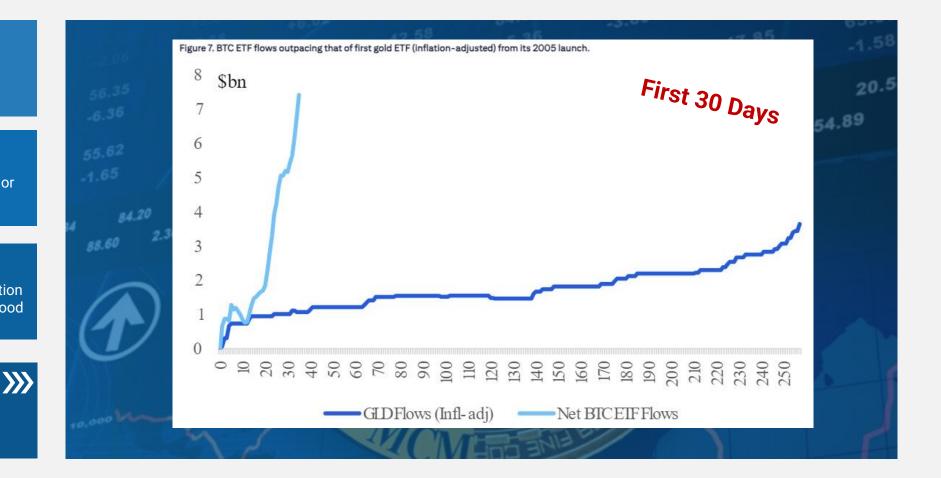
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The biggest investment funds in the world with more than \$20 trillion under management have launched sport ETFs.

US ETFs buying on avg 3000 BTC / Daily Daily Issuance of BTC is 900 April 2024 Daily Issuance dropped to 450 Hong Kong about to launch its ETFs Pension funds looking at adding BTC Institutional looking at adding BTC

OnChain analysis of the demand side of Bitcoin through different KPI.

Now \$60 BN

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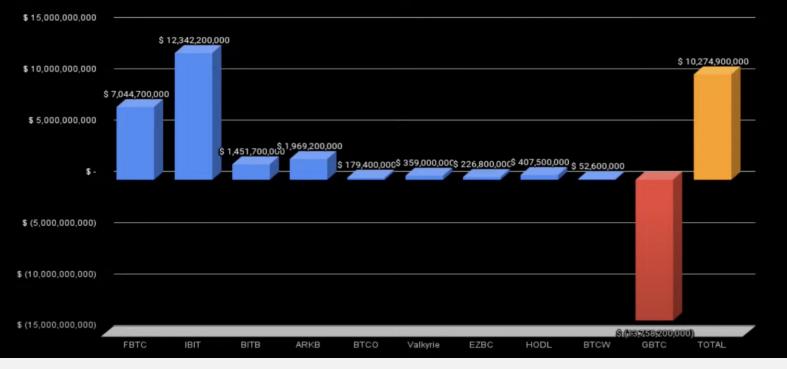
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\$24BN Inflows into new 9 New ETFs

Money Flow per Fund (Total \$ AUM) [Since ETF Launch]



Where could the price go? What does Fidelity say?



Fidelity's 2038 Bitcoin Price

Does this number make any kind of sense?



Bitcoin has grown on average by **100% annually** since it was launched. If you take a starting price of \$30,000 in 2022 and increase by 100% annually all the way **to 2038 you get \$2 billion**.

Then if you factor in the impact of inflation on the US Doller for 15 years your start to realize that maybe, just maybe that figure is not completely crazy. Normal inflation would already bring that number to **\$80 million**.

BTC is a scarce resource! Max quantity is 21 million but in 2022 we already know the max available will be 16 million. There will never be more than **416,000 Wholecoiners**.**

If you have **0.03 BTC** you are in the1% Club of Bitcoin owners globally.** If you own **3.3375 BTC** you are in the 1% Club of Bitcoin owners.**

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Opinion: I do not think that prediction is realistic. It would mean the world as we know has completely changed and the USD has collapsed. But, between \$70k and \$100M there is a lot of room for growth.

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An exciting but bumpy road ahead...



Inverted Yield Curve signals an upcoming recession?

Black Swan?



BTC has never experienced a full recession. COVID was interrupted by massive cash injection that ultimately caused inflation.





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Questions?

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